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THE TIMES-DISPATCH, Richmond, Va

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All Unsigned Communications will be Rejected Communications will not be returned unless accompanied by stamps.

THURSDAY, MAY 11. 1905.

Veto the Mills Ordinance.

Why should the "Mills plan" for re-stricted annexation be worse than no anstricted annexation be worse than no annexation? Why should we refuse to accept any additional territory because we cannot get all we should have? It is very easy to say that the "Mills' plan" is worse than no plan at all, but we want to see that allegation proved before we acept it.—Nows Leader.

The Mills plan is worse than no plan at all because if it be adopted it will pront us from getting what is imperatively demanded, especially in the matter of manufacturing sites; whereas, if it is vetoed by the Mayor the question will again come before the Council and the people and we have faith that in such an event a more liberal plan would The Mills' plan puts upon us practically all the burden of main tenance that the Lynch-Minor plan would put upon us, yet will afford no adequate relief to the congestion in the central and western portions of the city and will supply no lands suitable for manufacturing sites. It is for these reasons that The Times-Dispatch contends that it is better at this time to have no annexation meas make-shift, and hence we urge the Mayor to veto it and let the whole subject com-

The best way to repeal a bad law is to enforce it, and the best way to awaken the people to the absolutely essential needs of this community for an extension of the city limits based on the public welfare and not restricted by privat interests is to refuse the make-shift Mills line and wait until we can get what the disinterested intelligence of this city demands.

Mr. Blair's Side.

In our editorial columns yesterday wo quoted Mr. A. Beirne Blair as having said in his speech before the Board of Aldermen on the previous night that he was not in favor of annexing any nev territory at this time. Mr. Blair thinks he was misquoted, and insists that he did not intend to make so broad a statement; he declares that he is not opposed to all annexation, but that if he could have his way he would not take in as much territory as is included in the Mills

We heard Mr. Blair's speech and clear ly understood him to day that he was op posed to annexing any new territory at this time, but we cheerfully accept his version of his own speech and as cheerfully state his position as he now gives

We also take occasion to make more clear Mr. Blair's statement concerning the Richmond branch of the American

told him that the Richmond branch had been crowded with orders, because locomotives could be made here more cheaply than in other plants of the corporation But he added that if the establishmen should be taken into the corporation and subjected to an additional tax of from \$15,000 to \$20,000 a year, that would place an additional cost upon the construction of each and every locomotive built. Tha might rob the Richmond plant of its advantage over other plants and reduce the work assigned accordingly. In order to be entirely fair to Mr. Blair, we also print in another column a table presented ty him showing the value of property to be taken in under the Lynch-Minor plan and the Mills' plan respectively These figures were prepared for Mr. Blair by Messrs. Kemp and Childrey, commissioners of revenue in Henrico.

It should be stated, however, that Mr. Minor's estimates were also made from the tax books.

The President and the Railroads.

In his annual message to Congress last December, President Roosevelt recommended legislation empowering the In terstate Commerce Commission, upon complaint, to declare what is a just and reasonable railroad rate, the rate so fixed to go into effect at once and to continue, subject to review and reversal by the court. This recommendation took the country by storm, and the House of Representatives lost little time in passing the Esch-Townsend bill, embodying the main the President's views. Both Democrats and Republicans voted for the measure and put it through with a hurrah. But the Senste refused to concur; instead it authorized the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce to sit during recess, take testimony and report to the Senate at its next meeting. Under these instructions the committee has been holding meetings in Washington and recalving the views of railroad officials and a crusade. Let the critics say what

and their attorneys. Our Washington correspondent says, however, that the committee will not recommend a measure to fix rates. He learns from what he considers a perfectly reliable source that a programme has been mapped out which meets with the approval of the party leaders, and which will not be opposed by the President himself. This programme, says he, includes a bill which cill provide better means for obtaining testimony by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the matter of prosecution of rebate cases, stricter enforcement of the law against rebates, so as to make it apply to private freight car lines and railroad terminal companies. But that nothing will be done in the direction of taking over by the government the rate-

making power. Since then much the same statement has been made by the Washington Post and the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun. Yet, on Tuesday night, at a banquet of railroad men in Washington, Secretary Taft "took their breath away" by telling them that rallway rate legislation must surely come, and the

President, in his speech at Denver, emphasized that he had not changed his view. In his opening remarks he said: "I want to say a word as to governmental policy in which I feel that this whole country ought to take a great interest, and which is itself but part of a general policy into which I think our government must go. I have spoken of the policy of extending the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission and of giving them particularly the power fix rates and to have the rates that they fix go into effect practically at once. As I say, that represents in my mind part of what should be the general policy of

this country." If there is any change of view in that we fall to detect it. But whether so or not, of this there can be no doubt: There is a widespread demand throughout the United States for legislation that will prevent rebates, undercuts and all forms of discrimination. The railroads will not be permitted to destroy that cardinal principle of democracy, equal opportun ity to all, special privilege to none. The railroads must give every customer a square denl.

As a Man Thinketh.

Sometime ago a woman in St. Louis was bitten by a small dog and subsequently died. As the wound itself was not sufficient to have caused death, it it believed that she died of fright. psychological magazine published in Chicago, called "Suggestion," says that the death of the woman was caused by a thought. She thought she was bitten by a mad dog. She had been told that the bite of a mad dog means death and so she "Many people die," continues our contemporary, "because they believe they limited; thought is often a matter of life or death. Many sick persons cover through sheer power of the mind after the doctor has solemnly read the death warrant. Many others are killed by doctors who pronounce them incurable. Suggestion has a in the affairs of life, but its effects are especially noticeable in matters which relate to health and disease. We are sick if we expect to die; we are well if

we have faith These observations must not be taken too literally, but it cannot be disputed that one's health is very largely influenced by one's state of mind. If a man should come down town in the morning and every person with whom he conversed should tell him that he was looking like a sick man he would almost surely be a sick man before the day was over. Some people are more sensitive than others on this score and the immediate purpose of these remarks is discreet in their observations. It is rarely that there is any occasion to tell your friend that he is not looking well. Gen erally speaking, such remarks are unwisc and untimely, and produce a more or less bad effect, especially if your friend i sensitive on the subject of his health, If he is delicate, do not intimate either by word or wink or expression of facethat you think he is looking like a consumptive or a dyspeptic or what not Rather give him a word of good cheer, an him on the back, tell him he is look He said that Superintendent Gillis had ing fine, even though you strain your conscience to say so. The recording angel will be very generous toward so kindhearted a little lie.

Cause and Effect.

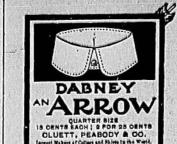
It is shown in our reports published from day to day that the educational cam paign in Virginia is an inspiring success. Wherever meetings have been held th attendance has been large and the spirit admirable. The people are thoroughly aroused, and the result of the crusade will be better schools.

Coincident with these reports comes the announcement that North Carolina is to have a "vigorous educational campaign" this summer, and the cause o popular education will receive additional impetus in that State.

We desire that all the skeptics shall answer to themselves the question: How has this desirable change come to pass? It did not come by chance; It did not come spontaneously; there must be great underlying cause, and the cause is not hard to find by those who will take the trouble to seek for it. It came through well devised plan; through concerted action and agitation. Speaking more definitely, it is the direct outgrowth of the Southern Conference for Education During the past several years distinguished educators from various sections of the country have met together in some Southern town and earnestly and devoutly discussed the need of improve ment in our system of popular education and ways and means of accomplishing it. Representative men and women from every State in the South have regularly attended these conferences and listene to the discussion and caught the spirit of the movement. Returning to their homes, they have carried the spirit with them and imparted it to the people of their several communities, and so in time

the conference, begun in a modest way

developed into a widespread movement



discuss motives as they will; the results speak for themselves.

An Italian in New York was murdered the other day for playing on the acbeen fixed upon the act of making music, even bad music, the assatiant was immediately arrested.

Rojestvensky's solemn pledge to die in the battle, if it be a losing one, has reached St. Petersburg and has been recorded along with General Stoessel's.

Governor Higgins complains that the New York Legislature does not give the people enough gas for their money. No such complaint as that can be lodged against the average Virginia Legislature

Mr. Cleveland's reputation for "turning the rascals out" is not as strong as h might have made it at a critical time but he may do better if he gets that

Somebody claims to have discovered that Chicago is an Indian word meaning riot. This probably is not true but Chicago is trying to prove that I

Practically the only prominent man of offairs whose name has not been considered as the future President of the Equitable, is Mr. James W. Alexander.

winted also, but it has never been known to do injury to any missionary society church or charitable institution.

Secretary Taft's experience in holding down the lid will not be published in book Taft campaign in 1908.

When the Equitable finds a new presi dent it schould also find a new name for itself. Under the circumstances Equitable is rather misleading. The striking teamsters are not the only

They are making some other suckers walk and carry big bundles. The grass that grows under the feet of the candidates from now until August

people in Chicago who are "walking out.

before noon lunch. For some days to come the tohystander in Chicago will find his greatest safety at home with the front door

Iccked and barred. Henry W. Taft, seems to have bitten off quite a large mouthful in his efforts toward chewing the tobacco trust.

Secretary Taft will see to it that the President will find the lid pretty well warmed up when he gets home. The picnic and excursion business is

already showing vigorous signs of being overdone this season.

Mr. Hyde has fortified himself with thirty lawyers and they are all said to be sharp shooters.

Henrico county always keeps a gallows on hand. There is no occasion for

John Paul and the Joneses.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir.—In whatever way John Paul acquired the common name under which he performed his remarkable exploits, we have a fellow citizen who bears that name by heredity, and has an interesting connection with the celebrated Paul

name by hereard, and the celebrated Paul Jones.

With him on board of the Bon Homme Richard, was a surgeon, Dr. Brooke, of Stafford county, who had a part in his stirring naval adventures. A daughter of this Dr. Brooke married Mm. Macfarlane, of Fredericksburg. Mr. Macfarlane, of Fredericksburg. Mr. Macfarlane, of Fredericksburg. Mr. Macfarlane, ettled in Richmond, where he was a printer and was with the Southern Literary Messenger from its beginne to vory near its end. He was the clerk and factotum of White, Minor, Thompson and Bagby. He and John W. Fergusson were first printers, then publishers and finally proprietors of the Southern Literary Messenger. Mr. Macfarlane's daughter married Mr. Sampson Jones and they were the parents of William Mac Jones, well known in Richmond, and who is, through his grandfather, Dr. Brooke, an active son of the American Revolution, He may be regarded as a grandson of the Mon Homme Richard, but his name has always been Jones.

May 8, 1905.

Staunton's New Station.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
STAUNTON, VA., May 10.—The preliminary steps towards erecting the new and handsome Chesapeake and Ohio depot have commenced. The contract has been let, and this morning a large force commenced work cutting down an immense strip of land from Sear's Hill, just south of the present depot, and running along the Chesapeake and Ohio track for quite a distance.

The contract for this excavating has been let 10 a. Citizen

a distance.
The contract for this excavating has been let to a Clifton Forge firm, the Mathews-Curits Company. Work will commence on the new statist building just as soon as Tie ground is cleared for the proper rearrangement of the main track. By to-morrow there will be over one hundred hands at work on the excavation.

vation.
When completed this station building will be one of the handsomest depots on the Chesapeake and Ohlo road.

FOUND-

The quickest and surest road to good health has been found by thousands of sufferers from stomach, liver and kidney allments. They took Hostetter's Stomach s at the very first symptom and found the only remedy that could them. Every sick person should eure them. Every sick person should follow their example. It cures Head-ache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspep-sia, Sour Stomach, Liver or Kidney Ills and Female Complaints.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

MR. BLR'S FIGURES IN ANEXATION MATTER.

Population Valuation, per Mr. Kemp, a Commissioner \$1,425,000
Real estate 105,000 \$1,800,000

88.000,000 88,880,000 \$ 504,000 386,000 15,000 42,000 18 per cent, of assessed rante values.

12 per cent, of assessed rante values.

Income of present average, y rate.

Income of present average, tax rate. 82,000 1,700 Additional land area, exclus parks and cemeteries.... 8,800 18,000 8,000 9,000 8,000 10,000 \$ 47.000 21.000 8,100 \$ 76,700 42,000 \$ 84,700 .8 56,420 Shortage..... \$8,700,000 504,000 .\$3,190,000 Streets, etc. (very low)

SLIP PAS TOGO

Reported That Two Cruisers Have Succeeded in Reaching VladivosoA

SIXTEEN KILLED N HOTS

LONDON, May 10 .- A disttch to the Exchange Telegraph Compai from St. Petersburg says it is repoted there Femtchug, belonging to Real Admiral Boelkersam's division of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, have eided the Japanese warships and reached ladivo-

Much Satisfaction.

Much Satisfaction.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, May 10, Much satisfaction was expressed at the admining at the unwithing this squadron, experts calculating that the Russian admiral now enjoys a superiority over his adversar; of 25 per cent. In ships of the line. The impression here is that it will recure a week for Nebogatoff to coal and get everything ship-shape for the final rage of the journey to Vladlyostok. Adhiral Togo is expected to decline an open battle.

Warships Near Saigon.

Warships Near Saigon.

(By Associated Press.)

SAIGON. COCHIN-CHINA. May V.—
The Russian cruiser Jemtchug and the Russian auxiliary cruiser Rion, beonging to Admiral Rojestvensky's squainm, arrived off Cape St. James, near here, during the night of May Sth, and left yesterday morning, at the request of the governor of French Indo-China. These cruisers, which brought instructions for Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, anchored three or four miles off shore. A heavy sae was running, exposing a good deal of the warships hulls, which were quite from barnacles or seewed. The slips appeared to have unusually large cryss, and the men all seemed to be in good health. The main Russian squadris is said to be well provisioned, but to be short of tobacco and cigars. It is considered likely here that Nebigatoff's division has already passed Cap St. James. The Russian hospital ship Kostroma, whose arrival here was annonneed May Sth, sails May 12th.

MASSACRE OF JEWS.

MASSACRE OF JEWS.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, May 10.—2:20 Å, M.—According to private advices from Shitomir, the fruits of the anti-Jswisn riots there are sixteen dead and one hundred wounded, mostly Jows. Martial law was proclaimed at Shitomir to-day. The city is filled with troops and order generally is restored, though individual cases of violence are still occurring and a renewal of rioting is feared Saturday evening and Sunday next. Stores which have been barricaded in fear of tumalts, are gradually reopening, and ordinary life in the city is resuming. The same private advices bring news of a further anti-Semitic outbreak in Gostynin in the province of Warsaw, in which many lews were injured and houses piliaged. No gatalities, however, are resported, but Jewish circles here fear further developments, not only in Shitomir and Gostynin, but also in other localities along the Polish frontier, where the Jewish element is numerous and the anti-Semitic sentiment strong. The official account of the Shitomir tumult assgns the origin and some roughs on the bank of the river. The latter stoned the Jews, who defended themselves with revolvers, wounding several of the attacking party, but not seriously. Reports of the encounter quickly spreading, aroused the Christian populace to frenzy. The Jews also usnded together for mutual protection. The disorder culminated on May I in a pitched battle between Jews and Christians in the public square in the centre of the city.

DID NOT EXECUTE ORDERS.

(By Associated Press.)
GUNSHU PASS, May 10.—A correspondent of the Associated Press to-day interviewed Kuropatkin, who said nothing about the reports that he was returning to Russia. The General expressed regret at the fact that Mukden was not evacuated before March 7th, as he desired. He said he deferred so doing on the advice of his generals, who insisted upon holding the place. Even as it was, Kuropatkin's orders to get the transport away in the rear were not executed promptly. The Japanese could not have driven a wedge across the Hun River east of the Hun River at the critical moment. Kuropatkin added, had the

troops allotted to guard that portion of the line not taken up the wrong positions. He concluded with saying: "A Russian victory is absolutely necessary. Russia cannot make a shameful peace."

Preparing for Fight.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 10.—The Daily Mail's
correspondent at Hongkong describing the correspondent at Hongkong describing the formidable preparations for the defense of Formosa, says the Pescauore Islands have been supplied with provisions and ammunition sufficient for two years and are now heavily armed with cannon. The German and American consuls, while picnicing, acidentally strolled within the fortified zone at Kdelung and were arrested and detained half a day. They were then released.

DOWN EMBANKMENT.

Train Jumped the Track and Several Killed.

Several Killed.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHARLOTTE. N. C., May 10.—A special from Union, S. C., says: A combination freight and passenger train on the Lockhart Railrond, a nine-mile branch, operated by the Southern, jumped the track and rolled down a twenty-foot embankment near Lockhart this atternoon. Richard Wilburn, aged seventeen, and a laborer whose name was not learned, we reinstantly killed and several others severely injured. Among the linjured are J. K. McLain, a traveling man of Columbia, S. C.

The engine and cars were demolished.

Rebekah Officers.

Rebekah Officers.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 10.—The Rebekah Assembly of Virginia, which methere yesterday in State convention, adjourned to-day, after electing officers as follows: President, Miss Anna Krause, Loxington: vice-president, Mrs. Cella Cass, Richmond; warden, Mrs. M. M. White, Mrs. Belmond; Warden, Mrs. M. M. S. Edmonia Dull, Staunton; treasurer, Mrs. Belmonia Perkins, Richmond; Chaplain, Mrs. G. Kennedy, Staunton; conductor, Mrs. R. Greaver, Charlottesville; Inner guard, Miss Annie I. Long, Irvington; outer guard, Mrs. Lizzie B. Whitaker, Abingdon.

Twenty-five Years Old.

CSpecial to The Times-Dispatch.)
STAUNTON, VA., May 10.—Augusta
Council. Royal Arcanum, celebrated its
twenty-fifth anniversary last night. After
routine business was transacted the council decided to hold a public meeting during the summer for the formal observance of its twenty-fith anniversary and
to engage the services of several speakers. STREBLER DROPPED.

Name of Deserter Removed From Army Register.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10.—First Lieutenant Alphonse Strebler, Forty-seventh Company of Coast Artillery, who disappeared from his station at Fort Hunt, Va., three months ago to-day, was dropped from the army register as a descriptor. Lieutenant Strebler was connected with the quartermaster and commissary departments, and because of some deficiencies in his pay accounts was confined to his quarters at the time of his disappearance.

Neighborhood Workers.

The Neighborhood Workers' League will meet to-morrow at the Neighborhood House, No. 821 Brook Avenue, at 4:30 o'clock. A roport will be read by the recently appointed superintendent of the neighborhood work, under the direction of the league, and other important matters will be discussed.

BISHOP GALLOWAY TO BE PRESIDENT OF BOARD

(By Associated Press.)
NASHVILLE, TENN., May 10.—Bishop R. K. Hargrove, president of the board of trustees of Vanderbilt University, owing to bad health, will resign that position next month. He probably will be succeeded by Bishop S. B. Galloway, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

A HAPPY HOME

blood.

Is one where health abounds. With impure blood there can-not be good health. Witha disordered LIVER there cannot be good blood.

revivify the torpid LIVER and restore

Its natural action. A healthy LIVER means pure

Pure blood means health. Health means happiness. Take no Substitute. All Druggists.

Ready-to-Wear Garments 25 to 50 Per Cent. Under Price.

The red pencil has made its appearance in our Readyto-Wear Section, with telling importance to you.

It has quartered and halved-in some instances left even less of the former fair prices on garments of unquestionable merit, in attractive and authoritative stylesevery one new. For instance:

Handsome Silk Coats and Blouses. Dresses of Light Woolens, in black and colors.
Slik Shirt Walst and Blouse Suits, black and colors. Skirts for dressy purposes and for street wear.

And similar desirable productions that you can wear to-day and count on for service for yery, very many to-

These few examples from the big assortment show in a condensed way what you may expect in the garments and the way the prices have changed.

Navy and Brown Panama Skirts, slik braid trimmings, from \$5.00 Black and Colored Silk Shirt Waist Suits, were \$12.50, now...\$5,00 Woolen Skirts, black and colors, were \$5.00 to \$15.00, now \$2.50 Black Taffeta Blouses, slik braid trimmings, were \$15,00, now \$10,00 Siguse Suits of Panama Cloth, navy, black, brown, shirred and beau-Slik Shirt Walst Suits, black and colors, were \$19.00, now....\$12.00

The Silk Sale Lasts a Little Longer.

And now you can choose from the entire assortment on the big center tables.

At Forty-seven and a Half Cents a Yard.

Silks for practically every purpose are here, good, sound, stylish and substantial Silks. The tremendous success of this sale induces us to keep it going at a livelier pace than ever, to which end we have added many excellent Silks from our regular stocks-desirable qualities that sold at 75c to \$1.00 a yard.

This is the best lot of Silks, as a whole, we have ever placed on a bargain counter.

Pick them while they last at 47 1-20 a yard.

Fourqurean, Temple & Co.

WASHINGTON DUKE'S MEMORY IS HONORED

His Funeral Yesterday in Durham Impressive-Business Suspended.

Duke was to-day placed in the Duke mausoleum in Maplewood Cemetery Business here was practically suspended and the entire city turned out to pay the last respect to the esteemed dead, It was the most largely attended funeral

ever witnessed in Durham. ever witnessed in Durham.

Long before II o'clock, the hour for the funeral, thousands of people, both white and colored, lined the atreets in the vicinity of the residence and the church. People, black as well as white, many hundreds in number, passed by the bler, which was in the rear parlor, and viewed for the last time the face of the man they loved and mourned. He looked as though asieep. The parlor and the adjoining room were banked with flowers, designs of most exquisite beauty in shape and colorins.

joining room were banked with a shape and coloring.

The funeral services were conducted by Dr. John C. Kilgo, E. A. Yates and Rev. T. A. Smoot. The funeral procession reached one mile in length, and there were ten trolley cars that went outside of the procession.

Probably never before in the State have there been seen as many rare and lovely flowers and handsome designs as were sent by sorrowing friends. An entire carload of magnificent floral offerings came from New York, while friends in this city, throughout North Carolina, and in many other States, sent hundreds of lovely designs.

The special Pullman, "Zealand," arrived this morning from New York with the vice-presidents, treasurer and secretary of the American Tobacco Company, These gentlemen attended the funeral in a body.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Fitting Exercises Were Held Yesterday at Winston-Salem.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., May 10.—
Momorial Day was fittingly celebrated
here to-day by Norficet Camp. Confederate Veterans. The riflemen and children of the city schools participated in
the parage.

the parade.

Dr. J. F. Schaffner, Sr., was the orator of the day, and in his splendid address he gave many personal reminiscences of the Civil War, in which he served.

The roll call showed that nine members of the camp had passed away during the

year.

The camp passed a resolution urging the appointment of General W. P. Roberts as successor to the late Major Robins on the Gettysburg Battlefield Combins on the Gettysburg Battlefield

SAW-MILL BURNS.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

JACKSON, N. C., May 10.—The large raw mill plant of the Wescott-Trenchard Lumber Company, at Greenberry, was destroyed by are this morning at 3, clock. The loss was very heavy, partially covered by insurance.

Three weeks ago the same firm lost by are their planing mill, dry kins and box factory, with 3,000,000 feet of sawed lumber.

Negro Kills Planter.

(By Associated Press.)
MEMPHIS, TENN., May 10.—A special
from Houston, Miss., says: Pete Evans,
a negro, waylaid and killed O. E. Dehay,
a prominent young planter, last night,
sing both charges from a double-barreled
shotsun. Posses are searching for the

THIS DAY IN HISTORY May 11th.

1153—David I. or scotland died. 1690—Charlemont, in Ireland, taken by the English.

1743—Several tons of leaden pipe were dug up in Fleet Street, London, laid down 300 years before. 1801-Taking of Cairo by the British.

1801—Taking of Cairo by the British.
1804—The acquisition of Louisiana by the United States was celebrated in all of the thirteen States.
1807—Action in the Dardanolles between the Russian and Turkish fleets; three of the latter stranded.
1810—Hastalrick, in Catalonia, evacuated for want of provisions; the garrison cut their way through the French troops.

cut their way through the French
troops.

1813—Spencer Perceval, prime minister
of Great Britain, shot in the lobby
of the House of Commons by John
Beilingham.

1829—A law for the expulsion of Spantards from Mexico was promulgated
at Tampico, and thirty days was allowed them to embark.

1852—Charles Warren Fairbanks, VicePresident of the United States, born.

1858—Minnesota admitted as the thirtysecond State.

1858—Minnesota admitted as the thirty-second State.
1867—Negotiations of Nepoleon III, for the the purchase of I axemburg from the King of Holland. Threatened interference of the North German confederation. Neutralization of Luxemburg by the treaty of London.
1874—The congressional investigation of boodling in the District of Columbia contracts ended; Governor ("Boss") Shepherd publicly assuming responsibility for all acts of his subordinates.

sibility for all acts of his subordinates.

1879—Zuin raid in South Africa.

1898—Spanish gunboats and shore batteries attacked the blockading vessels Wilmington, Hudson and Winslow at Cardenas, disabling the Winslow. Ensign Bagley and four sailors were killed, and Lieutenant Bernadou and two others wounded. Bagley was the first officer killed in the war. The cable at Cinfuesos was cut by American sailors and one was killed. The first land fight of the war took place at the harbor of Port Cabanas. The transport steamer Gussie, carrying members of the first infantry, made a temporary landing and had a brush with the Spanish troops.

"Only a Cough"

If neglected may become chroni and lead to bronchial allments or consumption. Dr. David's Cough Syrup is a cold and cough nipper, it is no experiment, it has been tried and tested by thousands of sufferers and never found wanting, when taker for old coughs, new coughs, night coughs and all forms of bronchial affections. It is a cough syrup that is used by hundreds of families exclusively. Sold everywhere,

Large Bottle 25c

OWENS & MINOR DRUG CO.,

Richmond, - Virginia.